#### NASA/TM-2000-209891, Vol. 239



## Technical Report Series on the Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study (BOREAS)

Forrest G. Hall and Sara K. Conrad, Editors

# Volume 239 BOREAS TGB-8 Starch Concentration Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP

M. Lerdau

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

**Goddard Space Flight Center** Greenbelt, Maryland 20771

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# Volume 239 BOREAS TGB-8 Starch Concentration Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP

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## BOREAS TGB-8 Starch Concentration Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP

#### Manuel Lerdau

#### **Summary**

The BOREAS TGB-8 team collected data to investigate the controls over NMHC fluxes from boreal forest tree species. This data set includes measurements of starch concentrations in foliar samples at mature jack pine and black spruce sites. The data were collected at the OJP and OBS tower flux locations in the BOREAS SSA. These areas contained mature stands of jack pine and black spruce and were the focal sites in the BOREAS program for studies of biosphere/atmosphere exchange from these two habitat types. The OBS site is situated in a black spruce/sphagnum bog with the largest trees 155 years old and 10-15 m tall. The OJP site is in a jack pine forest, 80 to 120 years old, which lies on a sandy bench of glacial outwash with the largest tree standing 15 m tall. Temporally, the data cover the period of 24-May-1994 to 19-Sep-1994. The data are stored in tabular ASCII files.

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#### 1. Data Set Overview

#### 1.1 Data Set Identification

BOREAS TGB-08 Starch Concentration Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP

#### 1.2 Data Set Introduction

The mechanistic controls over nonmethane hydrocarbon (NMHC) fluxes from boreal forest trees were investigated. These studies could be used to modify existing ecosystem models to include NMHC emissions and their response to seasonality and resource variability (primarily water and nitrogen).

#### 1.3 Objective/Purpose

The objective was to measure the starch concentrations in needles from the BOReal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study (BOREAS) Southern Study Area (SSA)-Old Black Spruce (OBS) and SSA-Old Jack Pine (OJP).

#### 1.4 Summary of Parameters

Starch concentrations.

#### 1.5 Discussion

The research was ordered around three general questions: (1) To what extent are leaf carbon balance and isoprene synthase activity (the enzyme responsible for isoprene emission) predictors of NMHC flux? (2) How do leaf carbon balance and isoprene synthase activity depend on nitrogen/water availability and carbon source/sink parameters? and (3) How do we modify the FORES-BGC ecosystem model, based on question 1 and 2, to predict canopy-level NMHC fluxes? Studies included seasonal monitoring of NMHC emissions and its relationship to plant phenology, photosynthesis, respiration, isoprene synthase activity, and leaf starch concentrations.

#### 1.6 Related Data Sets

BOREAS TGB-08 Photosynthetic Rate Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP BOREAS TGB-08 Monoterpene Concentration Data over the SSA-OBS and the SSA-OJP

#### 2. Investigator(s)

#### 2.1 Investigator(s) Name and Title

Manuel Lerdau

#### 2.2 Title of Investigation

The Relationship Between Non-Methane Hydrocarbon Emission and Leaf Carbon Balance in the Boreal Forest: An Approach for Mechanistic Ecosystem Modeling

#### 2.3 Contact Information

#### Contact 1:

Dr. Manuel Lerdau Ecology and Evolution SUNY Stony Brook, NY (516) 632-6633 (516) 632-7626 (fax) mlerdau@life.bio.sunysb.edu

#### Contact 2:

Jeffrey A. Newcomer Raytheon ITSS Code 923 NASA GSFC Greenbelt, MD 20771 (301) 286-7858 (301) 286-0239 (fax) Jeffrey.Newcomer@gsfc.nasa.gov

#### 3. Theory of Measurements

None given.

#### 4. Equipment

#### 4.1 Sensor/Instrument Description

None given.

#### 4.1.1 Collection Environment

Samples were collected under all environmental conditions.

#### 4.1.2 Source/Platform

Trees.

#### 4.1.3 Source/Platform Mission Objectives

To measure average starch concentrations in SSA-OBS and SSA-OJP.

#### 4.1.4 Key Variables

Starch concentration.

#### 4.1.5 Principles of Operation

None given.

#### 4.1.6 Sensor/Instrument Measurement Geometry

None given.

#### 4.1.7 Manufacturer of Sensor/Instrument

Campbell Scientific

AADCO Instruments

Silver Springs, FL

Supelco

Bellafonte, PA

Tekmar

Cincinnati, OH

SKC, Inc.

Eighty Four, PA

Finnigan

San Jose, CA

J&W Scientific

Folsom, CA

Hewlett Packard

LACHAT Inst.

Mequon, WI

#### 4.2 Calibration

#### 4.2.1 Specifications

None given.

#### **4.2.1.1 Tolerance**

None given.

#### 4.2.2 Frequency of Calibration

None given.

#### 4.2.3 Other Calibration Information

None given.

#### 5. Data Acquisition Methods

#### **Starch Assay Required Solutions**

- 1 Amyloglucosidase (Boehringer Mannheim) (Desiccator in freezer) 2.5 mg/mL Na-Acetate buffer. Make fresh each day and keep on ice.
- 2 Na-Acetate buffer (50 mM NaC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O
  2; 0.68 g/100 mL dH<sub>2</sub>O. Titrate of pH 4.8 with glacial acetic acid (starts at ~pH 7.1) and vacuum filter. Keeps for 1 month.
- PGO (peroxidase glucose oxidase, Sigma # 510-6)) capsules (Desiccator in fridge). Add on PGO capsule to 20 mL COLD dH<sub>2</sub>O and gently mix. Keeps for 1 month.
- Glucose standards (1000 μM,  $18.02 \text{ mg}/100 \text{ mL} \text{ ddH}_2\text{O}$ ). Everything for these must be sterile. Vacuum filter and dilute into standards of 100, 200, 400, 600, and 800 μM. Vacuum filter and keep in freezer. Keeps for 1 week.
- N buffer (0.1 M NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>; 2.76 g NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>/200 mL dH<sub>2</sub>O). Titrate to pH 6.5 with NaOH (HCl to reverse) (pH starts at ~4.7). Use ~5 M NaOH, otherwise one adds too much volume.
- 6 DMAB (3-dimethylaminobenzoic acid, C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, FW=165.2 Sigma D-0787) stock solution. 496 mg/100 mL N buffer. Stir and gently heat to bring into solution for about 30 minutes. Vacuum filter. Keeps for about 1 month.
- MBTH (3-methyl, 2-benzo thiazolinone hydrazoneC8H9N3S\*HCl, FW= 215.7, Sigma M-8006, stored in freezer desiccator) stock solution. Stir to bring into solution. 14 mg/100 mL N buffer. Vacuum filter. If this becomes tan/lt. brown discard. Keeps for 3 weeks to 1 month.

#### **Procedure**

- 1 Dry plant material for 1 hour at 100 °C, then store at 60 °C until analysis.
- 2 Grind tissue in mortar until it becomes a fine powder.
- Place ~15 mg ground tissue in a 1.7 mL-screwtop epitube and record weight.

  \*\*\* Store at 60 °C if stopping here \*\*\*
- 4 Solubilize free sugars. Cool epitubes in freezer, then add 1 mL of cold dH<sub>2</sub>O.
- 5 Vortex tubes until all tissue is evenly suspended.
- 6 Place epitubes at 5 °C for 20 minutes.
- 7 Centrifuge epitubes for 15 minutes at max speed in benchtop centrifuge.
- 8 Pipette off and discard supernatent while keeping pellet.
- 9 Add 1 mL dH<sub>2</sub>O to epitubes, screw caps on tightly and vortex.
- 10 Solubilize the starch. Autoclave for 45 mins at 121 °C and 1.2 bars. Screw caps on (very tightly; otherwise, fluid boils out.
- 11 Vortex tubes until all tissue is evenly suspended.
- Centrifuge epitubes for 15 minutes at max speed in benchtop centrifuge.

  \*\*\* Freeze if stopping here \*\*\*

- 13 Convert starch to glucose that can be analyzed. All pipette tips, epitubes, and epitube caps must be sterile. Renumber a second set of epitubes (snap top is acceptable) and add the following:
  - a) 200 µL 50 µM Na-Acetate buffer.
  - b) 100 µL of Amyloglucosidase solution.
  - c) 100 µL of sample supernatent.

Also make a blank epitube by adding 100 µL dH<sub>2</sub>O rather than sample.

- 14 Incubate in the 55 °C drying oven for 1 hr.
- 15 Stop the reaction. Heat epitubes in the 100 °C drying oven for 5 minutes.
- 16 16. Centrifuge epitubes for 15 minutes at max speed in benchtop centrifuge.
  - \*\*\* Freeze if stopping here \*\*\*

Final glucose Conc.	(µM)µL of glucose stock	μL MilliQ H2O
0	0	1000
100	100	900
200	200	800
400	400	600
600	600	400
800	800	200
1000	1000	0

- 17 Convert the glucose to a colored product that can be read spectrophotometrically. The best approach is to have the color reaction take place directly in the microtiter well, avoiding having to transfer samples into the wells. In this process, the total mixture of solutions above must be divided by 5 so the sample volume loaded into the well is  $100 \, \mu L$ . If needed, the well volume can be brought up to  $200 \, \mu L$  with  $100 \, \mu L$  of Na-Acetate buffer to dilute samples to a readable level. Care must be taken to mix all the solutions in the well completely. Load two wells per sample.
  - a) 35 µL MBTH
  - b) 35 µL DMAB
  - c) 15 µL diluted sample or standard
  - d) 15 µL PGO enzyme
- Incubate the epitubes or microtiter plate (cover with parafilm) for 25 minutes (can be longer, BUT be consistent) at 37 °C in a water bath. The sample solutions should turn purple.
- 19 Measure absorbance at 595 nm on a standard spectrophotometer.

#### 6. Observations

#### 6.1 Data Notes

None given.

#### **6.2 Field Notes**

#### 7. Data Description

#### 7.1 Spatial Characteristics

#### 7.1.1 Spatial Coverage

The North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83) coordinates for the measurement sites are:

SSA-OBS 53.99° N, 105.12° W SSA-OJP 53.92° N, 104.69° W

#### 7.1.2 Spatial Coverage Map

None given.

#### 7.1.3 Spatial Resolution

These data are point source measurements taken near the given coordinates.

#### 7.1.4 Projection

Not applicable.

#### 7.1.5 Grid Description

Not applicable.

#### 7.2 Temporal Characteristics

#### 7.2.1 Temporal Coverage

The data were collected from 24-May-1994 to 19-Sep-1994.

#### 7.2.2 Temporal Coverage Map

None given.

#### 7.2.3 Temporal Resolution

Monthly averages of the data were submitted.

#### 7.3 Data Characteristics

#### 7.3.1 Parameter/Variable

The parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name

SITE\_NAME

SUB\_SITE

SPECIES

CAMPIE MC

SAMPLE\_MONTH

 ${\tt NEEDLE\_AGE}$ 

SAMPLE\_AMOUNT

MEAN\_STARCH\_CONTENT

STD\_ERR\_STARCH\_CONTENT

CRTFCN\_CODE

REVISION\_DATE

**7.3.2 Variable Description/Definition**The descriptions of the parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name	Description
SITE_NAME	The identifier assigned to the site by BOREAS, in the format SSS-TTT-CCCCC, where SSS identifies the portion of the study area: NSA, SSA, REG, TRN, and TTT identifies the cover type for the site, 999 if unknown, and CCCCC is the identifier for site, exactly what it means will vary with
SUB_SITE	site type. The identifier assigned to the sub-site by BOREAS in the format GGGGG-IIIII, where GGGGG is the
	group associated with the sub-site instrument, e.g. HYD06 or STAFF, and IIIII is the identifier for sub-site, often this will refer to an instrument.
SPECIES	Botanical (Latin) name of the species (Genus species).
SAMPLE_MONTH	The month during which the data were measured.
NEEDLE_AGE	Age of the sampled needles,(0 = current year, 1 = 1 year old, 2 = 2 years old, etc.).
SAMPLE_AMOUNT	The number of trees sampled.
MEAN_STARCH_CONTENT	The mean starch content of the sample.
STD_ERR_STARCH_CONTENT	Standard error for the starch content of the sample.
CRTFCN_CODE	The BOREAS certification level of the data. Examples are CPI (Checked by PI), CGR (Certified by Group), PRE (Preliminary), and CPI-??? (CPI but questionable).
REVISION_DATE	The most recent date when the information in the referenced data base table record was revised.

#### 7.3.3 Unit of Measurement

The measurement units for the parameters contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name	Units
SITE NAME	[none]
SUB_SITE	[none]
SPECIES	[none]
SAMPLE_MONTH	[none]
NEEDLE_AGE	[years]
SAMPLE_AMOUNT	[counts]
MEAN_STARCH_CONTENT	[percent]
STD_ERR_STARCH_CONTENT	[percent]
CRTFCN_CODE	[none]
REVISION_DATE	[DD-MON-YY]

#### 7.3.4 Data Source

The sources of the parameter values contained in the data files on the CD-ROM are:

Column Name	Data Source
SITE_NAME	[Assigned by BORIS Staff]
SUB_SITE	[Assigned by BORIS Staff]
SPECIES	Investigator
SAMPLE_MONTH	Investigator
NEEDLE_AGE	Investigator
SAMPLE_AMOUNT	Investigator
MEAN_STARCH_CONTENT	None given
STD_ERR_STARCH_CONTENT	None given
CRTFCN_CODE	[Assigned by BORIS Staff]
REVISION_DATE	[Assigned by BORIS Staff]

#### 7.3.5 Data Range

The following table gives information about the parameter values found in the data files on the CD-ROM

CD-ROM.						
	Minimum	Maximum	Missng	Unrel	Below	Data
	Data	Data	Data	Data	Detect	Not
Column Name	Value	Value	Value	Value	Limit	Cllctd
SITE_NAME	SSA-OBS-FLXTR	SSA-OJP-FLXTR	None	None	None	None
SUB_SITE	TGB08-CON01	TGB08-CON01	None	None	None	None
SPECIES	N/A	N/A	None	None	None	None
SAMPLE_MONTH	N/A	N/A	None	None	None	None
NEEDLE_AGE	1	2	None	None	None	None
SAMPLE_AMOUNT	10	10	None	None	None	None
MEAN_STARCH_CONTENT	17	733	None	None	None	None
STD_ERR_STARCH_ CONTENT	38	396	None	None	None	None
CRTFCN_CODE	CPI	CPI	None	None	None	None
REVISION_DATE	26-MAR-97	26-MAR-97	None	None	None	None
Minimum Data Value - Maximum Data Value -						
Missng Data Value -	indicate that	t indicates mis an attempt was ue, but the att	made to	determ	ine the	l to
				_		_

Unrel Data Value -- The value that indicates unreliable data. This is used

to indicate an attempt was made to determine the parameter value, but the value was deemed to be

unreliable by the analysis personnel.

Below Detect Limit -- The value that indicates parameter values below the

instruments detection limits. This is used to indicate that an attempt was made to determine the parameter value, but the analysis personnel determined that the parameter value was below the detection

limit of the instrumentation.

Data Not Cllctd -- This value indicates that no attempt was made to

determine the parameter value. This usually indicates that BORIS combined several similar but not identical data sets into the same data base table but this particular science team did not measure that parameter.

```
Blank -- Indicates that blank spaces are used to denote that type of value. N/A -- Indicates that the value is not applicable to the respective column. None -- Indicates that no values of that sort were found in the column.
```

#### 7.4 Sample Data Record

The following are wrapped versions of data records from a sample data file on the CD-ROM.

```
SITE_NAME,SUB_SITE,SPECIES,SAMPLE_MONTH,NEEDLE_AGE,SAMPLE_AMOUNT,
MEAN_STARCH_CONTENT,STD_ERR_STARCH_CONTENT,CRTFCN_CODE,REVISION_DATE
'SSA-OBS-FLXTR','TGB08-CON01','Picea mariana','April',2,10,166.0,252.0,'CPI',
26-MAR-97
'SSA-OBS-FLXTR','TGB08-CON01','Picea mariana','Aug/Sept',1,10,355.0,225.0,'CPI',
26-MAR-97
'SSA-OBS-FLXTR','TGB08-CON01','Picea mariana','Aug/Sept',2,10,477.0,286.0,'CPI',
26-MAR-97
```

#### 8. Data Organization

#### 8.1 Data Granularity

The smallest unit of data tracked by the BOREAS Information System (BORIS) was the starch concentration data for a given site on a given month.

#### 8.2 Data Format(s)

The Compact Disk-Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM) files contain American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) numerical and character fields of varying length separated by commas. The character fields are enclosed with single apostrophe marks. There are no spaces between the fields

Each data file on the CD-ROM has four header lines of Hyper-Text Markup Language (HTML) code at the top. When viewed with a Web browser, this code displays header information (data set title, location, date, acknowledgments, etc.) and a series of HTML links to associated data files and related data sets. Line 5 of each data file is a list of the column names, and line 6 and following lines contain the actual data.

#### 9. Data Manipulations

#### 9.1 Formulae

### **9.1.1 Derivation Techniques and Algorithms** None given.

#### 9.2 Data Processing Sequence

#### 9.2.1 Processing Steps

None given.

#### 9.2.2 Processing Changes

#### 9.3 Calculations

## **9.3.1 Special Corrections/Adjustments** None given.

#### 9.3.2 Calculated Variables

None.

#### 9.4 Graphs and Plots

None.

#### 10. Errors

#### **10.1 Sources of Error**

None given.

#### **10.2 Quality Assessment**

#### 10.2.1 Data Validation by Source

None given.

#### 10.2.2 Confidence Level/Accuracy Judgment

None given.

#### **10.2.3 Measurement Error for Parameters**

None given.

#### 10.2.4 Additional Quality Assessments

None given.

#### 10.2.5 Data Verification by Data Center

The data were examined for general consistency and clarity.

#### 11. Notes

#### 11.1 Limitations of the Data

None given.

#### 11.2 Known Problems with the Data

None given.

#### 11.3 Usage Guidance

None.

#### 11.4 Other Relevant Information

None.

#### 12. Application of the Data Set

#### 13. Future Modifications and Plans

None given.

#### 14. Software

#### **14.1 Software Description**

None given.

#### 14.2 Software Access

None given.

#### 15. Data Access

The starch concentration data are available from the Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC).

#### **15.1 Contact Information**

For BOREAS data and documentation please contact:

ORNL DAAC User Services Oak Ridge National Laboratory P.O. Box 2008 MS-6407 Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6407 Phone: (423) 241-3952

Phone: (423) 241-3952 Fax: (423) 574-4665

E-mail: ornldaac@ornl.gov or ornl@eos.nasa.gov

#### 15.2 Data Center Identification

Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC) for Biogeochemical Dynamics http://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/.

#### 15.3 Procedures for Obtaining Data

Users may obtain data directly through the ORNL DAAC online search and order system [http://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/] and the anonymous FTP site [ftp://www-eosdis.ornl.gov/data/] or by contacting User Services by electronic mail, telephone, fax, letter, or personal visit using the contact information in Section 15.1.

#### 15.4 Data Center Status/Plans

The ORNL DAAC is the primary source for BOREAS field measurement, image, GIS, and hardcopy data products. The BOREAS CD-ROM and data referenced or listed in inventories on the CD-ROM are available from the ORNL DAAC.

#### 16. Output Products and Availability

#### **16.1 Tape Products**

None.

#### 16.2 Film Products

None.

#### 16.3 Other Products

These data are available on the BOREAS CD-ROM series.

#### 17. References

### 17.1 Platform/Sensor/Instrument/Data Processing Documentation None given.

#### 17.2 Journal Articles and Study Reports

Newcomer, J., D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Ĉurd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers, eds. 2000. Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. NASA. CD-ROM.

Sellers, P. and F. Hall. 1994. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: Experiment Plan. Version 1994-3.0, NASA BOREAS Report (EXPLAN 94).

Sellers, P. and F. Hall. 1996. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: Experiment Plan. Version 1996-2.0, NASA BOREAS Report (EXPLAN 96).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, and K.F. Huemmrich. 1996. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: 1994 Operations. NASA BOREAS Report (OPS DOC 94).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, and K.F. Huemmrich. 1997. Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study: 1996 Operations. NASA BOREAS Report (OPS DOC 96).

Sellers, P., F. Hall, H. Margolis, B. Kelly, D. Baldocchi, G. den Hartog, J. Cihlar, M.G. Ryan, B. Goodison, P. Crill, K.J. Ranson, D. Lettenmaier, and D.E. Wickland. 1995. The boreal ecosystem-atmosphere study (BOREAS): an overview and early results from the 1994 field year. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society. 76(9):1549-1577.

Sellers, P.J., F.G. Hall, R.D. Kelly, A. Black, D. Baldocchi, J. Berry, M. Ryan, K.J. Ranson, P.M. Crill, D.P. Lettenmaier, H. Margolis, J. Cihlar, J. Newcomer, D. Fitzjarrald, P.G. Jarvis, S.T. Gower, D. Halliwell, D. Williams, B. Goodison, D.E. Wickland, and F.E. Guertin. 1997. BOREAS in 1997: Experiment Overview, Scientific Results and Future Directions. Journal of Geophysical Research 102(D24): 28,731-28,770.

#### 17.3 Archive/DBMS Usage Documentation

None.

#### 18. Glossary of Terms

#### 19. List of Acronyms

ASCII - American Standard Code for Information Interchange

BOREAS - BOReal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study

BORIS - BOREAS Information System
CD-ROM - Compact Disk-Read-Only Memory
DAAC - Distributed Active Archive Center

EI - Electron Ionization EOS - Earth Observing System

EOSDIS - EOS Data and Information System

FID - Flame Ionization Detector

GC/MS - Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer

GIS - Geographic Information System
GSFC - Goddard Space Flight Center
HTML - Hyper-Text Markup Language
NAD83 - North American Datum of 1983

NASA - National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NMHC - Nonmethane Hydrocarbon NSA - Northern Study Area

OA - Old Aspen

OBS - Old Black Spruce OJP - Old Jack Pine

ORNL - Oak Ridge National Laboratory
PANP - Prince Albert National Park

SSA - Southern Study Area

TF - Tower Flux

TGB - Trace Gas Biogeochemistry
TKN - Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
URL - Uniform Resource Locator

#### 20. Document Information

#### 20.1 Document Revision Date

Written: 27-Jul-1997

Last updated: 06-Aug-1999

#### **20.2 Document Review Date(s)**

BORIS Review: 28-Aug-1998

Science Review:

#### 20.3 Document ID

#### 20.4 Citation

When using these data, please include the following acknowledgment as well as citations of relevant papers in Section 17.2:

Manuel Lerdau: Department of Ecology and Evolution, State University of New York, Stony Brook, NY 11794-5245 Marcy Litvak and Russell Monson: Department of Environmental, population and Organismic Biology, University of Colorado, Boulder, CO 80309

If using data from the BOREAS CD-ROM series, also reference the data as:

Lerdau, M., "The Relationship Between Non-Methane Hydrocarbon Emission and Leaf Carbon Balance in the Boreal Forest: An Approach for Mechanistic Ecosystem Modeling." In Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. Eds. J. Newcomer, D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Curd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers. CD-ROM. NASA, 2000.

#### Also, cite the BOREAS CD-ROM set as:

Newcomer, J., D. Landis, S. Conrad, S. Curd, K. Huemmrich, D. Knapp, A. Morrell, J. Nickeson, A. Papagno, D. Rinker, R. Strub, T. Twine, F. Hall, and P. Sellers, eds. Collected Data of The Boreal Ecosystem-Atmosphere Study. NASA. CD-ROM. NASA, 2000.

#### **20.5 Document Curator**

#### 20.6 Document URL

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#### 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)

The BOREAS TGB-8 team collected data to investigate the controls over NMHC fluxes from boreal forest tree species. This data set includes measurements of starch concentrations in foliar samples at mature jack pine and black spruce sites. The data were collected at the OJP and OBS tower flux locations in the BOREAS SSA. These areas contained mature stands of jack pine and black spruce and were the focal sites in the BOREAS program for studies of biosphere/atmosphere exchange from these two habitat types. The OBS site is situated in a black spruce/sphagnum bog with the largest trees 155 years old and 10-15 m tall. The OJP site is in a jack pine forest, 80 to 120 years old, which lies on a sandy bench of glacial outwash with the largest tree standing 15 m tall. Temporally, the data cover the period of 24-May-1994 to 19-Sep-1994. The data are stored in tabular ASCII files.

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